

2021 Third Quarter Report

## Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following MD&A reports and comments on the financial condition and results of operations of Western Forest Products Inc. (the "Company", "Western", "us", "we", or "our"), on a consolidated basis, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, to help security holders and other readers understand our Company and the key factors underlying our financial results. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the notes thereto for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, and our audited annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2020 (the "2020 Annual Report"), which can be found on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

The Company has prepared the consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. Amounts discussed herein are based on our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and are presented in millions of Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted. Certain prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Reference is made in this MD&A to adjusted EBITDA<sup>1</sup>. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income prior to operating restructuring items and other items, plus amortization of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets, impairment adjustments, and changes in fair value of biological assets. Adjusted EBITDA margin is adjusted EBITDA as a proportion of revenue. Western uses adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin as benchmark measurements of our own operating results and as benchmarks relative to our competitors. We consider adjusted EBITDA to be a meaningful supplement to operating income as a performance measure primarily because amortization expense, impairment adjustments and changes in the fair value of biological assets are non-cash costs, and vary widely from company to company in a manner that we consider largely independent of the underlying cost efficiency of their operating facilities. Further, the inclusion of operating restructuring items which are unpredictable in nature and timing may make comparisons of our operating results between periods more difficult. We also believe adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are commonly used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to evaluate our financial performance.

Adjusted EBITDA does not represent cash generated from operations as defined by IFRS and it is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. Furthermore, adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the impact of certain items that affect our net income. Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are not measures of financial performance under IFRS, and should not be considered as alternatives to measures of performance under IFRS. Moreover, because all companies do not calculate adjusted EBITDA in the same manner, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin calculated by Western may differ from similar measures calculated by other companies. A reconciliation between the Company's net income as reported in accordance with IFRS and adjusted EBITDA is included under the "Non-GAAP Measures" section herein.

Management uses key performance indicators such as net debt, net debt to capitalization and current assets to current liabilities. Net debt is defined as long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents. Net debt to capitalization is a ratio defined as net debt divided by capitalization, with capitalization being the sum of net debt and equity. Current assets to current liabilities ratio is defined as total current assets divided by total current liabilities. These key performance indicators are non-GAAP financial measures that do not have a standardized meaning and may not be comparable to similar measures used by other issuers. They are not recognized by IFRS; however, they are meaningful in that they indicate the Company's ability to meet its obligations on an ongoing basis and indicate whether the Company is more or less leveraged than in prior periods.

This MD&A contains statements that may constitute forward-looking statements under the applicable securities laws. Readers are cautioned against placing undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All statements herein, other than statements of historical fact, may be forward-looking statements and can be identified by the use of words such as "will", "estimate", "expect", "anticipate", "plan", "forecast", "intend", "believe", "seek", "could", "should", "may", "likely", "continue" and similar references to future periods. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our current intent, belief or expectations with respect to: domestic and international market conditions, demands and growth; economic conditions; our growth, marketing, product, wholesale, operational and capital allocation plans and strategies, including but not limited to payment of a dividend; fibre availability and regulatory developments; the impact of COVID-19; and the selling of additional incremental ownership interest in TFL 44 LP and in other potential limited partnership structures in the future. Although such statements reflect management's current reasonable beliefs, expectations and assumptions as to, amongst other things, the future supply and demand of forest products, global and regional economic activity and the consistency of the regulatory framework within which the Company currently operates, there can be no assurance that forward-looking statements are accurate, and actual results and performance may materially vary. Many factors could cause our actual results or performance to be materially different, including: economic and financial conditions, international demand for forest products, competition and selling prices, international trade disputes, changes in foreign currency exchange rates, labour disputes and disruptions, natural disasters, the impact of climate change, relations with First Nations groups, the availability of fibre and allowable annual cut, the ability to obtain operational permits, development and changes in laws and regulations affecting the forest industry including as related to old growth timber management and the Manufactured Forest Products Regulation, changes in the price of key materials for our products, changes in opportunities, future developments in COVID-19 and other factors referenced under the "Risks and Uncertainties" section herein. The foregoing list is not exhaustive, as other factors could adversely affect our actual results and performance. Forward-looking statements are based only on information currently available to us and refer only as of the date hereof. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update forward-looking statements. Unless otherwise noted, the information in this discussion and analysis is updated to November 3, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization

## Summary of Selected Quarterly Results (1)

(millions of Canadian dollars except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

Summary Information		Q3 2021	Q3 2020	Q2 2021	YTD 2021	YTD 2020
Revenue						
Lumber		\$ 299.8	\$ 208.6	\$ 353.1	\$ 929.5	\$ 480.6
Logs		41.0	73.7	46.3	120.4	147.0
By-products		12.1	8.3	15.0	39.9	18.4
Total revenue		352.9	290.6	414.4	1,089.8	646.0
Freight		22.6	22.4	26.8	72.2	48.8
Export tax expense		6.2	11.0	10.8	25.2	22.6
Stumpage		13.9	11.4	15.0	38.1	22.4
Adjusted EBITDA		\$ 66.3	\$ 33.7	\$ 120.4	\$ 249.7	\$ 45.7
Adjusted EBITDA margin		19%	12%	29%	23%	7%
Operating income prior to restructuring and other ite	ms	\$ 53.5	\$ 19.0	\$ 105.7	\$ 208.0	\$ 5.2
Net income (loss)		42.2	11.5	78.3	174.3	(1.0)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ per share	0.12	0.03	0.21	0.47	-
Operating Information <sup>(2)</sup>						
Lumber shipments (3),(4)	mmfbm	194	165	221	618	381
Cedar (5)	mmfbm	46	57	49	149	126
Japan Specialty	mmfbm	28	19	24	69	62
Niche	mmfbm	21	22	24	67	54
Commodity	mmfbm	99	67	124	333	139
Lumber production	mmfbm	175	192	207	581	396
Lumber price, average	\$/mfbm	\$ 1,553	\$ 1,264	\$ 1,598	\$ 1,504	\$ 1,261
Wholesale lumber shipments	mmfbm	9	8	12	30	29
Log shipments	000 m <sup>3</sup>	325	679	351	961	1,406
Export	000 m <sup>3</sup>	-	129	41	76	207
Domestic	000 m <sup>3</sup>	209	346	205	573	804
Pulp	000 m <sup>3</sup>	116	204	106	312	395
Net production <sup>(6)</sup>	000 m <sup>3</sup>	690	1,138	1,012	2,390	2,529
Saw log purchases	000 m <sup>3</sup>	227	235	227	649	613
Log price, average <sup>(7)</sup>	\$/m <sup>3</sup>	\$ 126	\$ 109	\$ 132	\$ 125	\$ 100
Illustrative Lumber Average Price Data (8)	Price Basis					
Grn WRC #2 Clear & Btr 4x6W RL (\$C)	cif dest N Euro	\$ 6,863	\$ 4,575	\$ 6,208	\$ 5,896	\$ 4,492
Grn WRC Deck Knotty 2x6 RL S4S	Net fob Mill	\$ 2,237	\$ 1,600	\$ 2,775	\$ 2,409	\$ 1,457
Grn WRC #2 & Btr AG 6x6 RL	Net fob Mill	\$ 3,035	\$ 2,471	\$ 2,953	\$ 2,760	\$ 2,400
Coast Gm WRC Std&Btr NH 3/4x4 RL S1S2E	Net fob Mill	\$ 2,263	\$ 1,179	\$ 1,970	\$ 1,786	\$ 1,123
Grn Hem Baby Squares Merch 4-1/8x4-1/8 13'	c&f dest Japan	\$ 1,900	\$ 755	\$ 1,685	\$ 1,391	\$ 782
Grn Dfir Baby Squares Merch 4-1/8x4-1/8 RL S4S	c&f dest Japan	\$ 2,000	\$ 910	\$ 1,906	\$ 1,561	\$ 953
Grn Dfir (Portland) #1&Btr 100% FOHC 6x6 Rough	Net fob Mill	\$ 1,778	\$ 1,361	\$ 1,706	\$ 1,624	\$ 1,301
Hemlock Lumber 2x4 (40x90) Metric RG Utility	cif dest Shanghai	\$ 566	\$ 468	\$ 719	\$ 662	\$ 451
Coast KD Hem-Fir #2 & Btr 2x4	Net fob Mill	\$ 500	\$ 785	\$ 1,412	\$ 1,222	\$ 545
Average exchange rate – CAD to USD		0.794	0.751	0.814	0.799	0.739
Average exchange rate – CAD to JPY		87.39	79.68	89.10	86.64	79.43

Figures in the table above may not equal or sum to figures presented elsewhere due to rounding.

- (1) Included in Appendix A is a table of selected results from the last eight quarters.
- (2) Log data reflects British Columbia business only.
- (3) "mmfbm" = millions of board feet; "mfbm" = thousands of board feet.
- (4) Includes wholesale lumber shipments.
- (5) Comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Cedar includes Western Red Cedar, Yellow Cedar and Japanese Cedar.
- (6) Net production is sorted log production, net of residuals and waste.
- (7) The average realized log price per cubic metre has been presented on a gross basis, which may include fee-in-lieu and shipping charges incurred on behalf of customers to facilitate sales to export markets.
- (8) Sourced from Random Lengths in USD/mfbm, except Hemlock Lumber Metric RG Utility that is sourced from the Forest Economic Advisors LLC China Bulletin.

## **Summary of Third Quarter 2021 Results**

Adjusted EBITDA for the third quarter of 2021 was \$66.3 million, as compared to adjusted EBITDA of \$33.7 million in the same period last year. We successfully leveraged our flexible operating platform, directing shipments to relatively strong export lumber markets, which helped offset the impacts of North American lumber market volatility. In addition, we directed export-grade logs to our sawmills to overcome log supply challenges caused by weather-related harvest curtailments and permit delays.

Third quarter operating income prior to restructuring and other items was \$53.5 million in 2021, as compared to operating income prior to restructuring and other items of \$19.0 million in the same period last year. Increased shipment volume and higher average realized pricing drove significantly improved operating income prior to restructuring and other items compared to the third quarter of 2020.

We continue to strictly enforce enhanced health and safety protocols and follow public health guidance to protect our employees, contractors, and communities from the novel Coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19"). Our operations have not been significantly impacted by COVID-19 to-date, but we continue to monitor its influence on market conditions. Our near-term focus remains on ensuring the health and safety of our employees, maintaining financial flexibility, and servicing our customers.

#### Sales

After reaching record levels in May 2021, North American commodity lumber prices declined through most of the third quarter. In contrast to weak North America commodity lumber pricing, demand and pricing for lumber in Japan improved while demand for lumber in China remained stable. We took advantage of these market conditions to redirect lumber production and shipments from North America to export markets.

Lumber revenue rose 44% compared to the third quarter of last year, due to increased lumber shipments and significantly improved prices across all product segments. Sales volumes increased by 17%, led by increases of 49% and 47% in Japan and commodity lumber shipments, respectively, while Niche shipments were relatively flat. Limited cedar log availability constrained cedar lumber production and shipments, as compared to the same period last year.

Our average realized lumber price was \$1,553 per thousand board feet, an increase of 23% from the third quarter of 2020 as we capitalized on higher pricing across all product segments, including achieving record pricing in Japan. These factors more than offset the effect of a weaker sales mix and the 6% appreciation of the Canadian to US dollar exchange rate from the comparative period.

Log revenue was \$41.0 million in the third quarter of 2021, a decline of 44% from the same period in the prior year. Timberlands operating curtailments through the second and third quarter of 2021 limited log harvest and sales volumes. We redirected export-grade log supply to our sawmills to ensure an uninterrupted fibre supply in support of lumber production. Average realized log price increased by 16% from the same period last year as improved pricing offset a weaker log sales mix.

By-product revenue was \$12.1 million, an increase of \$3.8 million as compared to the same period last year. Chip price realizations improved as a result of significantly higher NBSK pulp price.

#### Operations

Lumber production of 175 million board feet was 9% lower than the third quarter last year, due to log supply related operating curtailments.

We harvested 690,000 cubic metres of logs from our coastal operations in British Columbia ("BC") in the third quarter of 2021, as compared to 1,138,000 cubic metres in the third quarter last year. Third quarter log production was significantly impacted by prolonged operating curtailments in 2021, as extreme fire conditions persisted through the summer. Excluding stumpage, timberlands operating costs improved over the comparative period, as operating curtailments in 2021 resulted in the partial deferral of road building and reduced helicopter logging volumes. Improved log and lumber pricing drove a doubling of stumpage fees applied to our business in the third quarter harvest of 2021, but lower harvest volumes limited the increase in stumpage expense to 22% from the same period last year.

BC coastal saw log purchases were 227,000 cubic metres, a decrease of 3% from the same period last year. Saw log supply remains tight as an extended fire season negatively impacted harvest volumes as compared to the same period last year.

Third quarter freight expense remained flat as compared to the same period last year despite an increase in lumber shipments. The reduction in freight expense associated with not shipping logs to export markets offset incremental costs arising from increased lumber shipments and higher freight rates.

Adjusted EBITDA and operating income included \$6.2 million of countervailing duty ("CV") and anti-dumping duty ("AD") expense in the third quarter of 2021, as compared to \$11.0 million in the same period of 2020. The reduction in duty rates from 20.23% to 8.99%, and a stronger Canadian to US Dollar exchange rate, more than offset the impact of increased US-destined lumber sales volumes and higher lumber pricing on which duty was applied.

## Selling and Administration Expense

Third quarter selling and administration expense was \$13.6 million in 2021 as compared to \$10.4 million in the third quarter last year.

Strong financial results and share price appreciation in the third quarter of 2021 had an incremental compensation expense impact of \$2.1 million over the comparative quarter of 2020. This comparative increase was comprised of an additional \$0.5 million performance-based incentive compensation, and \$1.6 million on the vesting of incentive plans and mark-to-market expense on long-term compensation liabilities.

#### Other Income

We recognized other income of \$4.0 million attributable to gains on the sale of the Somass Division assets and other non-core properties, as compared to an expense of \$0.6 million in the same period of 2020.

#### Finance Costs

Finance costs were reduced to \$0.4 million as compared to \$2.0 million in the third quarter last year due to a significant reduction in average outstanding debt balance. In the third quarter of 2021, the Company repaid a \$1.9 million long-term equipment loan.

#### Income Taxes

We used our remaining non-capital Canadian tax loss carryforwards during the first quarter of 2021, which will result in cash taxes payable for the tax year ending December 31, 2021. Accordingly, current income tax expense of \$13.6 million and a deferred income tax expense of \$0.4 million were recognized in net income in the third quarter of 2021. Income tax expense increased by \$9.6 million from the third quarter of 2020, driven by strong operating earnings.

#### Net Income

Net income for the third quarter of 2021 was \$42.2 million, as compared to net income of \$11.5 million for the same period last year. Significantly improved net income resulted from strong operating performance and continued strong product pricing.

## **Summary of Year to Date 2021 Results**

Adjusted EBITDA for the first nine months of 2021 was \$249.7 million, as compared to \$45.7 million for the same period last year. We leveraged our flexible operating platform to pursue the highest margin opportunities and deliver record adjusted EBITDA. In the first half of 2021, we directed production to North American commodity lumber markets to take advantage of unprecedented pricing. Our North American commodity lumber focus led to improved recovery, while increasing secondary processing and related costs. With the steep decline in North American prices through the third quarter of 2021, we redirected production and grew export lumber shipments to Japan and China.

Operating income prior to restructuring and other items was \$208.0 million, as compared to \$5.2 million for the same period last year, as a result of strong operating performance.

Comparative results were significantly impacted by the restart of operations after the lengthy United Steelworkers Local 1-1937 strike (the "Strike"), which had curtailed the majority of our BC-based operations through February 2020, and by the impacts of COVID-19.

#### Sales

Lumber revenue for the first nine months of 2021 was \$929.5 million, 93% higher than the same period last year due to a combination of a 19% increase in realized pricing and 62% increase in shipment volumes. During the first half of 2021, we capitalized on record North American commodity pricing by increasing commodity shipments by 140% compared to the same nine month period last year. As North American commodity prices began to decline late in the second quarter of 2021, we redirected commodity shipments to relatively stronger export markets. Comparative period revenue and shipments were negatively impacted by the Strike, which ended in February 2020.

Improved lumber pricing led to a 19% increase in average lumber price realization as compared to the first nine months of 2020. Our flexible operating platform allowed us to capitalize on changing market conditions, transitioning production and shipments from North American markets to improved export lumber markets. Price realizations were negatively impacted by an 8% appreciation in the average Canadian to US dollar exchange rate year-over-year.

Log revenue was \$120.4 million in the first nine months of 2021, a decrease of 18% from the same period last year, despite a 25% increase in average realized log price. Operating curtailments and permitting delays reduced harvesting production in the first nine months of 2021. We redirected export and certain domestic logs to our sawmills to support lumber production to capitalize on strong lumber markets. The comparative period was impacted by a weaker log sales mix caused by Strike-related log degradation, and the impact of COVID-19 on global markets.

By-product revenue grew to \$39.9 million, as compared to \$18.4 million in the same period last year. Increased lumber production drove higher chip production and shipments as compared to the first nine months of 2020, which was impacted by lower production during the Strike.

#### Operations

Lumber production in the first nine months of 2021 was 581 million board feet, 47% higher than the same period last year. The comparative period production was negatively impacted by the Strike.

We achieved higher lumber production in 2021 through increased operating hours and improved production efficiency. The shift to increased North American commodity lumber production in the first half of 2021 contributed to higher production volumes and improved recovery. Production and recovery benefits associated with higher North American commodity production were partially offset by increased levels of processing required to manufacture North American commodity products. Third quarter lumber production in 2021 was impacted by lower recovery associated with export lumber production, and temporary operating curtailments due to constrained log supply.

Log production for the first nine months of 2021 was 2,390,000 cubic metres, a decrease of 5% over the same period last year. Unfavourable weather conditions and permit delays impacted log production, and deferred road expense to future periods. Logging expenses have increased over the same period of 2020, primarily due to a 70% increase in stumpage expense. In 2020, logging operations were curtailed for most of the first quarter of 2020 due to the Strike and actions taken to mitigate COVID-19 health and safety risks.

Freight expense for the first nine months of 2021 was \$72.2 million, an increase of 48% as compared to the same period last year due primarily to a 62% increase in lumber shipments. Rising container freight rates and higher costs from the increased use of breakbulk vessels were largely offset by a significant reduction in export log shipments. We partly mitigated limited container availability by converting a component of our lumber shipments to breakbulk.

Adjusted EBITDA and operating income in the first nine months of 2021 included \$25.2 million of export tax expense, as compared to \$22.6 million in the same period of 2020. We increased lumber revenue on which duties were applicable but benefitted from the reduction in cash deposit rates from 20.23% to 8.99% and a stronger Canadian to US Dollar exchange rate.

Comparative results also included CEWS proceeds of \$11.6 million as an offset to cost of goods sold. CEWS helped reduce the negative financial impact of COVID-19 on our business, prevented temporary operating curtailments and employee layoffs, and offset some costs associated with enhanced health and safety protocols.

## Selling and Administration Expense

Selling and administration expense for the first nine months of 2021 was \$44.6 million as compared to \$24.9 million in the same period last year. Record financial results and a 72% share price appreciation in the first nine months of 2021 had an incremental expense impact of \$16.1 million.

Year-to-date mark-to-market expense on long-term compensation liabilities was \$4.0 million in 2021, as compared to a recovery of \$0.3 million in the comparative period of 2020, with the vesting of incentive plans contributing an additional \$5.6 million expense year-over-year. Performance-based incentive compensation drove an incremental \$6.3 million expense in the first nine months of 2021 as compared to the comparative of the prior year.

Comparatives include the recognition of \$1.4 million of CEWS proceeds which somewhat offset additional costs related to COVID-19, including for the maintenance of pre-pandemic staff levels.

#### Other Income

We recognized other income of \$22.1 million attributable primarily to gains from the sale of the Orca Quarry assets, the Somass Division assets and other non-core properties and surplus equipment for the first nine months of 2021 as compared to \$1.2 million in the same period last year.

#### Finance Costs

Finance costs were \$1.7 million, compared to \$6.4 million in the first nine months of 2020. Strong cash flows from operations and non-core asset sales were used to repay outstanding indebtedness, lowering the average outstanding debt balance as compared to the prior year.

## Income Taxes

We used our remaining non-capital Canadian tax loss carryforwards during the first quarter of 2021, which will result in cash taxes payable for the tax year ending December 31, 2021. In addition, capital loss carryforwards were applied against taxable capital gains arising from non-core asset dispositions. Accordingly, current income tax expense of \$53.6 million and a deferred income tax recovery of \$1.4 million were recognized in net income in the first nine months of 2021. Income tax expense increased by \$52.9 million from the first nine months of 2020 as a result of record operating earnings.

#### Net Income

Strong operating performance and record product pricing resulted in a net income of \$174.3 million for the first nine months of 2021, as compared to a net loss of \$1.0 million for the same period last year. Net income in 2020 was impacted by COVID-19 market uncertainty, related incremental operating costs and the Strike.

#### Sale of Other Non-Core Assets

Western has completed \$50.1 million in non-core asset sales through the first nine months of 2021, including the sale of Orca Quarry assets, the Somass Division assets, and other non-core property and equipment.

On August 12, 2021, Western announced the completion of the sale of certain properties, including the Somass sawmill site, to City of Port Alberni for proceeds of \$5.3 million.

On October 7, 2021, Western completed the sale of its interests in timber licences and jointly held forest licences in an area outside of Squamish, BC, for proceeds of \$1.5 million. These proceeds were incremental to the amounts recognized in our results for the first nine months of 2021.

## **Sustainability-Linked Credit Facility**

On July 21, 2021, Western completed the transition of our syndicated credit facility into a \$250 million sustainability-linked credit facility ("Amended Credit Facility"). The Amended Credit Facility incorporates incentive pricing terms that can reduce or increase Western's borrowing costs by up to five basis points based on the outcome of various sustainability-linked goals. Western has selected borrowing cost sustainability goals that are linked to improving health and safety performance, increasing workforce diversity and advancing mutually beneficial First Nations relationships. These goals are consistent with Western's core values and strategic priorities.

The Amended Credit Facility maturity date was extended to July 21, 2025, and it retains an accordion feature that allows Western to increase aggregate borrowing up to \$350 million, subject to lender approval.

## **Indigenous Relationships**

We respect the treaty and Aboriginal rights of Indigenous groups, and we are committed to open dialogue and meaningful actions in support of reconciliation.

We are actively investing time and resources in capacity building and fostering positive working relationships with Indigenous groups, with traditional territories within which Western operates, through information sharing, joint sustainable forest management planning, timber harvesting, reforestation practices, restoration initiatives and other mutually beneficial interests. These arrangements may include business-to-business service and supply contracts, combining tenure for joint forest management, job creation and training, and limited partnerships with shared governance and financial interests.

In collaboration with Indigenous groups, and as presented below, we have achieved a series of milestone agreements in 2021 that advance our mutually beneficial relationships and exemplify Western's ongoing actions to support reconciliation. Further details on these relationships and other community initiatives are available on our website at <a href="https://www.westernforest.com/responsibility/community/">www.westernforest.com/responsibility/community/</a>.

### Integrated Resource Management Plan with Nanwakolas Council

On October 20, 2021, together with the Nanwakolas Council, we announced the completion of a letter of understanding to develop a joint planning and reconciliation protocol agreement; that will guide the codevelopment of an Integrated Resource Management Plan for collaborative, sustainable forest management in the traditional territories of the members First Nations on central Vancouver Island, BC.

Nanwakolas Council represents Tlowitsis, K'ómoks, Wei Wai Kum and We Wai Kai First Nations. Several Western forest tenures overlap with Nanwakolas member First Nations' traditional territories, and the focus of this agreement is TFL 39 (Block 2). In recent years, we have engaged in several innovative projects together, including joint development and the ongoing implementation of the Nanwakolas Large Cultural Cedar Declaration and the 2020 Information Sharing Protocol.

Sale of Forest and Timber Licence Interests to Lil'wat Nation and Tsleil-Waututh Nation

On October 7, 2021, we completed the sale of our interests in timber licences and jointly held forest licences to third parties, including the Lil'wat Nation and Inlailawatash Limited Partnership, a Tsleil-Waututh Nation business.

These licence interests had been held by Western, under the management of 3<sup>rd</sup> parties, as the result of Western-predecessor company transactions to acquire and reassign operating rights.

## Forest Landscape Plan Pilot with 'Namgis First Nation

On September 23, 2021, together with the 'Namgis First Nation, we announced the launch of the TFL 37 Forest Landscape Plan Pilot project to guide collaborative decision-making and for the joint development of an innovative and progressive plan to sustainably manage TFL 37.

The three forest areas covered by the plan include the area-based tenure managed by Western, a replaceable forest licence managed by a 'Namgis-owned corporation, and the operating area of the Danyas Limited Partnership, a successful forest partnership established by 'Namgis and Western in 2015.

This Landscape Level Plan is supported by the BC Government ("Province") as a formal pilot project to inform the implementation of the Province's Forest and Range Practices Act amendments identified under the *Regulatory Environment* header below.

#### Integrated Resource Management Plan with Tla'amin Nation

On July 6, 2021, together with the Tla'amin Nation, we announced a Renewal Agreement and the planned development of a Tla'amin led, collaborative Integrated Resource Management Plan for Tla'amin treaty lands and Crown tenure areas, and the portion of Western's TFL 39 (Block 1) located in Tla'amin territory. Completion of this values and science-based plan is expected to take up to two years.

The Renewal Agreement advances joint efforts that have been underway since the signing of a 2019 Memorandum of Understanding, supports continued exploration of innovative ideas to advance common interests related our respective forestry assets and interests in Tla'amin territory.

#### Quatsino First Nation Land Agreement

On June 21, 2021, we announced an agreement to sell private land near Coal Harbour, on northern Vancouver Island, BC, to a wholly owned limited partnership of the Quatsino First Nation ("Quatsino"). The land will be used for community housing and a Big House.

The land purchase and sale transaction is another positive milestone in a long-standing relationship of joint efforts. Most recently, involving the Province, we co-developed the September 2020 Memorandum of Understanding to create a framework to collaboration on sustainable forest management on northern Vancouver Island, BC. We also co-partner in Quatern Limited Partnership, a joint logging operation created in 2010 to facilitate collaborative forest management and advance economic reconciliation.

#### TFL 44 Partnership and Integrated Resource Management Plan with Huu-ay-aht First Nations

On May 3, 2021, Western completed the sale of an incremental 28% equity interest in TFL 44 LP to Huumiis Ventures Limited Partnership ("HVLP"), a limited partnership beneficially owned by the Huu-ay-aht First Nations ("HFN"), for \$22.4 million. HVLP's current equity interest in TFL 44 LP is 35%. Also in the first half of 2021, we began the co-development and TFL 44 LP implementation of an HFN-led Integrated Resource Management Plan that is anticipated to be completed in 2023.

We have previously agreed to an option to sell a further 16% equity interest in TFL 44 LP to HVLP with an anticipated close in the second quarter of 2023, subject to closing conditions. We also have an agreement to sell up to an incremental 26% in TFL 44 LP to area First Nations and, alongside the HFN, we are now engaging those Nations.

Our growing relationship with HFN has resulted in a suite of other mutually beneficial agreements since 2017, including the sale of our former Sarita Dryland Sort assets, employment and training agreements, and the 2018 Reconciliation Protocol Agreement. The Western-HFN Reconciliation Protocol Agreement set the framework for a shared path to reconciliation and a joint vision for a safe and competitive forest sector in the Alberni Valley, and formed the foundation for the creation of TFL 44 LP.

On October 29, 2021, TFL 44 LP announced its intention to change its name to Tsawak-qin Forestry Limited Partnership, effective January 1, 2022. The name change is intended to better reflect the shared values of the partnership, with Tsawak-qin meaning 'we are one' in Nuu-chah-nulth language.

## **Regulatory Environment**

During 2019 and 2020, the Province introduced various policy initiatives and regulatory changes that impact the BC forest sector regulatory framework as part of a Coastal Revitalization Initiative and Interior Renewal Process, including: fibre recovery, lumber remanufacturing, old growth forest management and the exportation of logs. For additional details on these policy initiatives and regulatory changes please see the "BC Government Forest Policies Update" heading and "Regulatory Risks" under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties", in our Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Current provincial policy requires that forest management and operating plans take into account and not unreasonably infringe on Aboriginal rights and title, proven or unproven, and provide for First Nations consultation. First Nation opposition to a forest tenure or other operating authorization may delay the Province from granting the permit application. For additional details on these policy requirements and regulatory aspects in relation to First Nations see "First Nations Land Claims" and "Regulatory Risks" under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties", in our Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Company may manage risks associated with delays in the Province granting operating authorizations by fostering positive working relationships with the First Nations, as discussed above. The Company may partly mitigate the operating impacts of permit delays by increasing permitted harvest in other areas; by purchasing more logs on the open market; and by increasing harvest production from private timberlands.

## Old-Growth Logging Deferral

On November 2, 2021, the Province announced its intention to work in partnership with First Nations on the proposed deferral of harvesting in 2.6 million hectares of BC forests. The proposed deferrals, if implemented, have been identified as temporary, and are subject to First Nations engagement. The Province has stated that final decisions on deferral areas will be based on discussions between the Province and First Nations governments.

Western requires more specific information on the Province's proposed measures to meaningfully assess any potential impacts on the Company's business. Determination of potential impacts will be subject to further dialogue with the First Nations on whose territories the Company operates and their government-to-government discussions. Should the proposed measures impact Western's business, the Company will seek support from the Province for its workers and full compensation for investments.

Western will work with First Nations and government as these decisions are made, respecting the rights and title of First Nations, including their right to economically benefit from the lands within their traditional territories.

On June 9, 2021, the Province deferred old-growth logging in 2,000 hectares of forest in southwestern Vancouver Island, BC for a period of two years. The deferral was implemented at the request of local First Nations, with the deferral period aligned with timelines required to prepare resource-stewardship plans in collaboration with tenure rights holders.

TFL 44 LP, which is owned and managed by Western and the Huu-ay-aht First Nations, has no active or planned cutting permits in the portion of the 2,000-hectare old growth logging deferral area in TFL 44, and TFL 44 LP's forestry activity continues as planned.

#### Forest and Range Practices Act Amendments

On October 20, 2021, the Province introduced *Bill 23, the Forests Statutes Amendment Act, 2021,* to improve the framework for stakeholder engagement in long-term forest planning. Amongst the amendments, that are expected to come into effect through future regulation, is the eventual replacement of forest stewardship plans with forest landscape plans. Landscape-level plans developed in collaboration with First Nations are intended to guide increased consideration of ecological and cultural values of the forests in BC. These proposed act amendments align with Western's increasing use of Integrated Resource Management Plans for the joint planning of long-term, sustainable forest management with First Nations.

#### Timber Tenure Reduction

Approximately 89% of Western's 5,914,000 cubic metre sustainable allowable annual cut ("AAC") is in the form of Tree Farm Licences ("TFL"). TFLs are granted for 25-year terms and are replaced by the Province every five to ten years with a new 25-year term.

In the first half of 2022, we anticipate the Province's Chief Forester to issue a final determination on the AAC in TFL 19, which is approximately 729,000 cubic metres. We expect that determination may reduce the AAC of TFL 19 by up to 18% or approximately 130,000 cubic metres.

Provincial legislation requires the Chief Forester to routinely review sustainable harvesting levels of individual tenures at least every 10 years and to issue a determination which may result in an increase or decrease to AAC. The AAC determination reflects tree growth, ecology, regional and local economic and social interests, water and other environmental considerations that define how forests can be managed.

More information on our tenure rights and sustainable harvest practices can be found in the Company's Annual Information Form, which is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, and Western's Sustainability Report, which is available at <a href="https://www.westernforest.com">www.westernforest.com</a>.

## **PPWC Labour Agreement**

As announced in September 2021, Western and the Public and Private Workers of Canada, Local 8, reached a new eight-year labour agreement for the hourly employees of Western's Value-Added Division, location in Chemainus, BC. That agreement came into effect October 15, 2021.

#### COVID-19

Western is committed to the health and safety of our employees, contractors and the communities where we operate. To help mitigate the spread of COVID-19, we have implemented strict health and safety protocols across our business that are based on guidance from health officials and experts, and in compliance with regulatory orders and standards. We continue to monitor and review the latest guidance from health officials and experts to ensure our protocols meet the current required standards. We will continue to monitor and adjust our operations as required to ensure the health and safety of our employees, contractors and the communities where we operate and to address changes in customer demand.

## **Financial Position and Liquidity**

(millions of Canadian dollars except where otherwise noted)

Selected Cash Flow Items	Q3 2021	Q3 2020	Q2 2021	YTD 2021	YTD 2020
Operating activities					
Net income (loss)	\$ 42.2	\$ 11.5	\$ 78.3	\$ 174.3	\$ (1.0)
Amortization	12.0	14.0	13.3	38.2	39.2
Income tax expense (recovery)	14.0	4.4	27.9	52.2	(0.5)
Income taxes (paid) refunded	0.1	5.3	(0.2)	(0.1)	16.7
Other	(4.9)	0.7	7.1	(7.7)	1.2
	63.4	35.9	126.4	256.9	55.6
Change in non-cash working capital	19.1	4.5	(13.1)	(15.4)	(33.8)
Cash provided by operating activities	82.5	40.4	113.3	241.5	21.8
Investing activities					
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(3.4)	(1.5)	(4.1)	(9.3)	(3.9)
Additions to capital logging roads	(3.2)	(3.2)	(3.2)	(8.9)	(6.8)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5.5	0.1	6.9	50.1	1.7
Proceeds from disposition of minority interest in subsidiary		-	19.8	19.8	-
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1.1)	(4.6)	19.4	51.7	(9.0)
Financing activities					
(Repayment of) draw on credit facility	_	(32.8)	(0.5)	(70.2)	5.6
Dividends	(3.6)	-	(3.6)	(11.0)	(8.4)
Share repurchases	(30.2)	-	(29.9)	(62.4)	`-
Lease payments	(1.5)	(1.6)	(1.9)	(5.3)	(5.2)
Other	(2.6)	(1.6)	(0.3)	(4.1)	(5.0)
Cash used in financing activities	(37.9)	(36.0)	(36.2)	(153.0)	(13.0)
Increase (decrease) in cash	\$ 43.5	\$ (0.2)	\$ 96.5	\$ 140.2	\$ (0.2)
Summary of Financial Position					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 143.1	\$ 1.9	\$ 99.6		
Current assets	418.6	295.4	390.0		
Current liabilities	188.0	138.1	172.7		
Total debt	_	121.3	1.9		
Net debt (cash) (1)	(143.1)	119.4	(97.7)		
Equity, excluding non-controlling interest	620.6	471.1	611.5		
Total liquidity (2)	384.4	127.9	341.1		
Financial ratios					
Current assets to current liabilities	2.23	2.14	2.26		
Net debt to capitalization (3)	-	20%	-		
Figures in the table of any many act amount or area to figures and any					

Figures in the table above may not equal or sum to figures presented elsewhere due to rounding.

- (1) Net debt (cash) is defined as the sum of long-term debt and bank indebtedness, less cash and cash equivalents.
- (2) Total liquidity comprises cash and cash equivalents, and available credit under the Company's credit facility.
- (3) Capitalization comprises net debt and shareholders' equity.

Cash provided by operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital was \$63.4 million in the third quarter of 2021, as compared to cash generated of \$35.9 million in the same period last year. Strong operating performance and improved lumber prices, somewhat offset by a stronger Canadian dollar, provided greater cashflows from operations.

Cash used in investing activities was \$1.1 million during the third quarter of 2021, as compared to \$4.6 million during the same period last year. Capital expenditures increased to \$6.6 million in the third quarter of 2021, and were offset by proceeds from disposal of non-core assets.

Cash used in financing activities was \$37.9 million in the third quarter of 2021, as compared to \$36.0 million in the same period of 2020. Strong operating cashflows enabled the Company to grow its net cash position in the third quarter of 2021. We returned \$33.8 million to shareholders via dividends and common shares repurchased for cancellation under our Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB").

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Total liquidity was \$384.4 million at September 30, 2021, as compared to \$341.1 million at June 30, 2021 and \$127.9 at September 30, 2020. Liquidity is comprised of cash and cash equivalents of \$143.1 million and unused availability under the credit facility of \$241.3 million.

Based on our current forecasts, we expect sufficient liquidity will be available to meet any commitments as well as our other obligations through 2022. The Company was in compliance with all its financial covenants as at September 30, 2021.

## **Dividend and Capital Allocation**

We remain committed to a balanced approach to capital allocation. To return capital to shareholders, we reinstated a regular quarterly dividend in 2021 and continue to repurchase common shares under our NCIB.

We will continue to evaluate opportunities to invest strategic and discretionary capital in jurisdictions that create the opportunity to grow long-term shareholder value. We expect to focus near-term internal strategic capital investments on projects that reduce manufacturing costs or address kiln drying and planer capacity constraints on the BC Coast. These potential investments will help support growth of our specific product line initiatives, as well as add value to our products. We currently have approximately \$10.5 million in strategic capital projects underway in BC, and we continue to evaluate opportunities to invest in the competitive positioning of our value-added operations. The Company will evaluate all capital allocation decisions after considering our operating results, financial condition, cash requirements, financing agreement restrictions and other factors or financial metrics that may be deemed relevant.

## Quarterly Dividend

The quarterly dividend program is intended to return a portion of the Company's cash to shareholders, after taking into consideration liquidity and ongoing capital needs. In the first quarter of 2021, the Company's Board of Directors reinstated a quarterly dividend of \$0.01 per common share, which had been suspended in the second quarter of 2020 in response to the global economic uncertainty arising from COVID-19 and added financial requirements of resetting the business after the lengthy Strike, which had curtailed the majority of our BC based operations through February 2020.

The Company's Board of Directors will continue to review our dividend on a quarterly basis. Dividends of \$3.6 million and \$11.0 million were paid in the three and nine months ending September 30, 2021, respectively.

## Normal Course Issuer Bid

On August 5, 2021, the Company renewed its NCIB permitting the purchase and cancellation of up to 29,726,940 common shares, representing 10% of the public float outstanding as of August 5, 2021. The renewed NCIB was effective beginning August 11, 2021 and will end no later than August 10, 2022.

The Company also entered into an automatic share purchase plan with its designated broker to facilitate purchases of its common shares under the NCIB at times when the Company would ordinarily not be permitted to purchase its common shares due to regulatory restrictions or self-imposed blackout periods.

The Company's previous NCIB to purchase for cancellation up to 23,112,988 common shares expired on August 10, 2021. Under the previous NCIB, the Company purchased 21,354,656 common shares for \$43.6 million, at a volume weighted average price of \$2.04 per common share, representing approximately 6.9% of the public float outstanding at the commencement of our previous NCIB.

During the first nine months of 2021, we repurchased and cancelled 30,346,240 common shares for \$62.4 million at an average price of \$2.06 per common share. No common shares were repurchased in the same period of last year.

As at November 3, 2021, we have purchased 13,536,815 common shares for \$29.1 million under our renewed NCIB at an average price of \$2.15 per common share. We are permitted to purchase up to an additional 16,190,125 common shares under the renewed NCIB before it expires on August 10, 2022.

## Strategy and Outlook

Western's long-term business objective is to create superior value for shareholders by building a sustainable, margin-focused log and lumber business of scale to compete successfully in global softwood markets. We believe this will be achieved by maximizing the sustainable utilization of our forest tenures; partnering with First Nations in sustainable forest management; operating safe, efficient, low-cost manufacturing facilities; and augmenting our sales of targeted high-value specialty products for selected global customers with a lumber wholesale program. We seek to manage our business with a focus on operating cash flow and maximizing value through the production and sales cycle. We routinely evaluate our performance using the measure of Return on Capital Employed.

For more detail on our strategic initiatives and actions, refer to "Strategy and Outlook" in our Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### Market Outlook

After reaching record levels in May 2021, North American commodity lumber prices declined by over 70% through August 2021. Despite recent North American market volatility, we expect near-term lumber pricing to remain above its historic trend level, supported by strong housing market fundamentals and ongoing logistics constraints.

Strong demand and record pricing in export cedar lumber markets is expected to be partially offset by typical North American seasonal demand weakness and a duty rate increase in late November 2021. Looking to the first half of 2022, we expect a stronger repair and renovation segment and reduced supply to support cedar lumber sales volumes and pricing.

Niche product demand and pricing remains strong. We anticipate that seasonal weakness in the North American timber segment will transition to improved demand and pricing leading into Spring.

In Japan, lumber supply constraints and the recovery in new home construction have led to lower lumber inventories and strong market pricing. As we look forward, logistics challenges are expected to continue to limit import volumes from Europe and North America while domestic supply is projected to remain relatively flat. The combination of limited supply and strong demand should support pricing into the first part of 2022. To overcome container shipping challenges, we expect to increase our near-term use of higher-cost breakbulk shipments to service our Japanese customers.

An extended third quarter fire season limited domestic log harvest. Domestic saw log prices are expected to increase due to the resulting supply impacts, as well as rising stumpage costs and improving lumber markets.

The price for Northern Bleached Softwood Kraft pulp has been impacted by logistics constraints and energy conservation efforts in China, and despite tight supply pulp logs and sawmill residual chips may face price pressures into the end of the year.

The ongoing challenges related to COVID-19 and global logistics issues continue to create uncertainty in our business and could lead to pricing volatility and ongoing shipping challenges. We plan to utilize our flexible operating platform to adjust to market conditions and will continue to align our production volumes to match market demand.

Long-term, we believe that strong North American housing market fundamentals will support lumber demand and pricing, above trend levels. Low mortgage interest rates, an aging housing stock, a housing deficit stemming from years of underbuilding, and the influence of work-from-home arrangements on the repair and renovation segment are expected to continue to drive growing demand for lumber. At the same time supply has been reduced due to the impact of permanent production curtailments resulting from Mountain Pine Beetle in the BC Interior.

In addition, we expect growth in the use of mass timber building technologies, the need for carbon neutral products and improved recognition of lumber as the most sustainable building product on the planet will grow demand and benefit the forest sector long-term.

## Softwood Lumber Dispute

The US application of duties on shipments of Canadian lumber continues a long-standing pattern of US protectionist action. We disagree with the inclusion of specialty lumber products, particularly Cedar products in this commodity lumber focused dispute. As duties paid are determined on the value of lumber exported, and as our shipments to the US market consists of significant volumes of high-value, appearance grade lumber, we are disproportionately impacted by these duties. For a comprehensive history of the softwood lumber trade dispute and related North American Free Trade Agreement ("NAFTA") challenge proceedings, please see "Risks and Uncertainties" in our Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Western expensed \$6.2 million of export duties at a combined duty rate of 8.99% on its lumber shipments into the US in the third quarter of 2021, as compared to \$11.0 million at a duty rate of 20.23% in the same period last year. A 18% increase in lumber shipments and the impact of improved lumber pricing over those periods was more than offset by lower duty rates and a stronger average Canadian to US dollar exchange rate.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, Western recognized an export tax recovery of \$31.6 million arising from the Department of Commerce's ("DoC") final determination on assessed rates for 2017 and 2018. Export duty tax was comprised of CV and AD at a combined rate of 20.23% on all lumber Western sold into the US until November 30, 2020 and a combined rate of 8.99% effective December 1, 2020.

On May 21, 2021, the DoC released a preliminary revised combined rate of 18.32% in the CV and AD second administrative review of shipments for the period ended December 31, 2019. The DoC may revise these rates between the preliminary and the final determination, expected to be released November 24, 2021. Cash deposits continue at the combined duty rate of 8.99% until the final determinations are published, after which any revised rate will apply.

On September 2, 2021, the DoC extended the deadline, to January 28, 2022, for its preliminary results of the third administrative review of CV and AD rates for the year ended December 31, 2020.

At September 30, 2021, Western had \$147.3 million (US\$116.1 million) of cash on deposit with the US Department of Treasury in respect of these softwood lumber duties, of which \$36.9 million (US\$29.1 million) is recognized in the Company's balance sheet arising from rate determinations in 2017 and 2020.

Including wholesale lumber shipments, our lumber shipments to the US market represent approximately 44% of our total lumber revenue in the first three quarters of 2021, as compared to 39% in the same period last year and 41% in fiscal 2020. Our distribution and processing centre in Arlington, Washington and our Columbia Vista division in Vancouver, Washington are expected to partially mitigate the damaging effects of duties on our products destined for the US market. We intend to leverage our flexible operating platform to continue to partially mitigate any challenges that arise from this trade dispute.

#### Non-GAAP Measures

Reference is made in this MD&A to the following non-GAAP measures: Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, and Net debt to capitalization are used as benchmark measurements of our operating results and as benchmarks relative to our competitors. These non-GAAP measures are commonly used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to evaluate our financial performance. These non-GAAP measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. The following table provides a reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to figures as reported in our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements:

(millions of Canadian dollars except where otherwise noted)

Adjusted EBITDA	Q3 2021	Q3 2020	Q2 2021	YTD 2021	YTD 2020
Net income (loss)	\$ 42.2	\$ 11.5	\$ 78.3	\$ 174.3	\$ (1.0)
Add:					
Amortization	12.0	14.0	13.3	38.2	39.2
Changes in fair value of biological assets	0.8	0.6	1.5	3.5	1.2
Operating restructuring items	0.9	0.5	0.5	1.9	1.5
Other (income) expense (1)	(4.0)	0.6	(1.4)	(22.1)	(1.2)
Finance costs	0.4	2.0	0.4	1.7	6.4
Current income tax (recovery)	13.6	-	31.2	53.6	(0.1)
Deferred income tax (recovery)	0.4	4.4	(3.3)	(1.4)	(0.4)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 66.3	\$ 33.7	\$ 120.4	\$ 249.7	\$ 45.7
Adjusted EBITDA margin					
Total revenue	\$ 352.9	\$ 290.6	\$ 414.4	\$1,089.8	\$ 646.0
Adjusted EBITDA	66.3	33.7	120.4	249.7	45.7
Adjusted EBITDA margin	19%	12%	29%	23%	7%
Net debt to capitalization					
Net debt					
Total debt	\$ -	\$ 121.3	\$ 1.9		
Cash and cash equivalents	(143.1)	(1.9)	(99.6)		
Net debt (cash)	\$(143.1)	\$ 119.4	\$ (97.7)		
Capitalization					
Net debt (cash)	\$(143.1)	\$ 119.4	\$ (97.7)		
Add: equity	620.6	471.1	611.5		
Capitalization	\$ 477.5	\$ 590.5	\$ 513.8		
Net debt to capitalization	-	20%	-		

Figures in the table above may not equal or sum to figures presented elsewhere due to rounding.

## **Accounting Policies and Standards**

Several new standards, and amendments to existing standards and interpretations, were not yet effective as at September 30, 2021, and have not been applied in preparing the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. None of the standards are currently considered by the Company to be significant or likely to have a material impact on future financial statements.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

For a review of significant management judgements affecting financial results and critical accounting estimates, please see our 2020 Annual Report, which can be found on SEDAR at <a href="www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>. There were no changes to critical accounting estimates during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021.

<sup>(1)</sup> Other (income) expense, net of changes in fair market value less cost to sell of biological assets and gain on disposal of assets.

#### **Financial Instruments and Other Instruments**

We use various financial instruments to reduce the impact of movement in foreign exchange rates on our net income. Please see our Management Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2020 for a further discussion on our use of financial instruments. There were no changes to our use of financial instruments during the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company has off-balance sheet arrangements which include letters of credit and surety performance and payment bonds, primarily for timber purchases and AD and CV duty deposits. At September 30, 2021, such instruments aggregated \$14.5 million (December 31, 2020 - \$9.3 million). Off-balance sheet arrangements have not had, and are not reasonably likely to have, any material impact on the Company's current or future financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

## **Related Party Transactions**

Other than transactions in the normal course of business with the Board of Directors and key management personnel, the Company had no transactions between related parties in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021.

### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The business of the Company is subject to several risks and uncertainties, including those described in the 2020 Annual Report which can be found on SEDAR at <a href="www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>. Any of the risks and uncertainties described in the above-noted document could have a material adverse effect on our operations and financial condition and cash flows and, accordingly, should be carefully considered in evaluating Western's business. Except as set forth in this MD&A and the notes to our condensed consolidated interim financial statements, there were no additional risks and uncertainties identified during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021. The Company continues to monitor potential impacts of the COVID-19 outbreak on the Company's critical accounting estimates on a regular basis.

## **Internal Controls over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR") during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its ICFR.

## **Outstanding Share Data**

As of November 3, 2021, there were 341,472,598 common shares of the Company issued and outstanding.

We have reserved 30,000,000 of our Shares for issuance upon the exercise of options granted under our incentive stock option plan. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, no options were granted, 2,712,620 previously granted options were exercised and no options were forfeited. As of November 3, 2021, 15,547,304 stock options were outstanding under our incentive stock option plan.

#### **Additional Information**

Additional information relating to the Company and its operations, including the Company's Annual Information Form, can be found on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis - Appendix A

Summary of Selected Results for the Last Eight Quarters

(millions of Canadian dollars except per share amounts and where noted)

		2021			20	20		2019
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4
Average exchange rate - USD to CA	D 1.260	1.228	1.265	1.303	1.332	1.386	1.344	1.320
Average exchange rate – CAD to US	D 0.794	0.814	0.790	0.767	0.751	0.722	0.744	0.758
Financial performance								
Revenue								
Lumber	\$ 299.8	\$353.1	\$276.6	\$ 256.6	\$208.6	\$ 188.8	\$ 83.2	\$ 66.1
Logs	41.0	46.3	33.1	53.4	73.7	60.5	12.9	12.1
By-products	12.1	15.0	12.8	8.9	8.3	7.0	3.0	1.9
Total revenue	\$ 352.9	\$414.4	\$322.5	\$318.9	\$290.6	\$256.3	\$ 99.1	\$ 80.1
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 66.3	\$120.4	\$ 62.9	\$ 71.1	\$ 33.7	\$ 29.5	\$ (17.4)	\$ (18.1
Adjusted EBITDA margin	19%	29%	20%	22%	12%	12%	(18%)	(23%
Earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.09
Operating Statistics								
Lumber (1)								
Production mmfbm	175	207	199	180	192	143	61	34
Shipments mmfbm	193	221	204	204	165	152	64	44
Price \$/mfbm	\$ 1,553	\$ 1,598	\$ 1,356	\$ 1,258	\$ 1,264	\$ 1,242	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,502
Logs (2)								
Net production 000 m <sup>3</sup>	690	1,012	688	901	1,138	1,224	167	21
Saw log purchases 000 m <sup>3</sup>	227	227	195	222	235	236	141	34
Log availability 000 m <sup>3</sup>	917	1,239	883	1,123	1,373	1,460	308	55
Shipments 000 m <sup>3</sup>	325	351	284	471	679	587	141	135
Price (3) \$/m <sup>3</sup>	\$ 126	\$ 132	\$ 117	\$ 113	\$ 109	\$ 103	\$ 91	\$ 90
Share Repurchases and Dividends	3							
Shares repurchased # millions	14.6	14.4	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
Shares repurchased \$ millions	\$ 30.2	\$ 29.9	\$ 2.3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Dividends paid	\$ 3.6	\$ 3.6	\$ 3.8	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8.4	\$ 8.5

Figures in the table above may not equal or sum to figures presented elsewhere due to rounding.

- (1) "mmfbm" = millions of board feet; "mfbm" = thousands of board feet.
- (2) Coastal BC business only. Net production is sorted log production, net of residuals and waste. Log availability is net production plus saw log purchases.
- (3) The average realized log price per cubic metre has been presented on a gross basis, which may include fee-in-lieu and shipping charges incurred on behalf of customers to facilitate sales to export markets.

In a normal operating year there is seasonality to the Company's operations with higher lumber sales in the second and third quarters when construction and renovation and repair activity, particularly in the US, has historically tended to be higher. Log production is greater in that same period as longer daylight permits more hours of operations. Logging activity may also vary depending on weather conditions such as rain, snow and ice in the winter and the threat of forest fire in the summer. This seasonality generally results in the Company increasing working capital utilization through its third quarter as it builds log inventory during optimal harvest conditions and builds lumber inventory in advance of seasonally high lumber demand.

The Company's quarterly financial trends are most impacted by typical industry-wide seasonality, levels of lumber production, log costs, market prices for lumber, labour disputes, the USD/CAD exchange rate, long term asset impairments and restructuring charges, and disposals of non-core properties.

The Strike, which started in the third quarter of 2019, reduced lumber and log production and shipments in Canadian operations until it was settled in February 2020 with some residual effect in the first and second quarters of 2020 as the Company restarted operations. The pandemic outbreak of COVID-19 in the first quarter of 2020 had its greatest impact on the Company in the first half of 2020, with limited impact to operating and financial performance of the Company thereafter. Log production in the third quarter of 2021 was affected by the prolonged weather-related curtailment of logging operations.



# Western Forest Products Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 143.1	\$ 2.9
Trade and other receivables	68.2	66.8
Inventory (Note 5)	188.6	177.9
Prepaid expenses and other assets	18.7	16.1
	418.6	263.7
Non-current assets:		
Property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	341.7	383.3
Timber licenses	102.0	105.0
Biological assets (Note 7)	49.3	53.6
Other assets (Note 8)	51.0	46.3
Deferred income tax assets	0.2	0.3
	\$ 962.8	\$ 852.2
Liabilities and Equity	Ψ 302.0	Ψ 002.2
Current liabilities:		
Bank indebtedness	\$ -	\$ 0.2
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Ψ 115.8	Ψ 0.2 108.7
Income taxes payable	53.5	100.7
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 9)	55.5	0.4
Current portion of lease liabilities	6.0	6.2
Current portion of reforestation obligation (Note 11)	10.7	8.1
Current portion of deferred revenue (Note 18)		_
Current portion of deferred revenue (************************************	2.0 188.0	2.0 125.6
Non-current liabilities:	100.0	123.0
Long-term debt (Note 9)		71.5
Lease liabilities	14.0	15.4
Reforestation obligation (Note 11)	12.0	14.3
	53.6	51.2
Deferred income tax liabilities		
Other liabilities (Note 12)	21.0	20.2
Deferred revenue (Note 18)	47.0	48.4
Ftr.	335.6	346.6
Equity:	440.0	470.0
Share capital (Note 13(a))	442.8	479.9
Contributed surplus	9.1	10.4
Translation reserve	(2.1)	(1.9)
Retained earnings	170.8	16.1
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	620.6	504.5
Non-controlling interest (Note 19)	6.6	1.1
	627.2	505.6
	\$ 962.8	\$ 852.2

Commitments and contingencies (Notes 14, 15)

See accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board:

"Michael T. Waites" "Don Demens"
Chair President & Chief Executive Officer

## **Western Forest Products Inc.** Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except for share and per share amounts) (unaudited)

	-	Three mor Septem			Nine mon Septem		
		2021	2020		2021		2020
Revenue (Note 18)	\$	352.9	\$ 290.6	\$ ^	1,089.8	\$	646.0
Cost of expenses:							
Cost of goods sold		257.0	227.8		739.8		544.5
Freight		22.6	22.4		72.2		48.8
Export tax (Note 14)		6.2	11.0		25.2		22.6
Selling and administration		13.6	 10.4		44.6		24.9
		299.4	 271.6		881.8		640.8
Operating income prior to restructuring and other items		53.5	 19.0		208.0		5.2
Operating restructuring items		(0.9)	(0.5)		(1.9)		(1.5)
Other income (expense) (Note 6)		4.0	 (0.6)		22.1		1.2
Operating income		56.6	17.9		228.2		4.9
Finance costs		(0.4)	 (2.0)		(1.7)		(6.4)
Income (loss) before income taxes		56.2	15.9		226.5		(1.5)
Income tax expense (recovery) (Note 10)							
Current		13.6	-		53.6		(0.1)
Deferred		0.4	 4.4		(1.4)		(0.4)
		14.0	 4.4		52.2		(0.5)
Net income (loss)		42.2	11.5		174.3		(1.0)
Net income (loss) attributable to equity shareholders		41.3	11.3		172.9		(1.2)
of the Company		_	_				, ,
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest		0.9	 0.2		1.4		0.2
		42.2	11.5		174.3		(1.0)
Other comprehensive income (loss)							
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		0.0	(0.7)		2.0		(F. 4)
Employee future benefits actuarial gain (loss) Income tax (expense) recovery (Note 10)		0.9 (0.2)	(0.7) 0.3		3.8 (1.1)		(5.4) 1.5
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.7	 (0.4)		2.7		(3.9)
rotal fields that will not be reclassified to profit of 1033		0.7	(0.4)		2.1		(0.9)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:							
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		1.6	(1.4)	_	(0.2)	_	2.2
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	44.5	\$ 9.7	\$	176.8	\$	(2.7)
Earnings (loss) per share (in dollars) (Note 16)							
Basic and diluted	\$	0.12	\$ 0.03	\$	0.47	\$	-

See accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

## **Western Forest Products Inc.** Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

		Share Capital	 tributed urplus	 slation serve	E	etained arnings Deficit)	con	lon- trolling terest	l	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2019 Net loss	\$	479.9 -	\$ 9.6	\$ (0.9)	\$	(6.8) (1.2)	\$	0.8 0.2	\$	482.6 (1.0)
Other comprehensive income (loss): Employee future benefits actuarial loss Income tax recovery on actuarial loss Foreign currency translation differences for foreign energines		-	-	- - 2.2		(5.4) 1.5		-		(5.4) 1.5
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations						- (E 1)		- 0.0		2.2
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	2.2		(5.1)		0.2		(2.7)
Stock options recognized in equity (Note 13(b)) Dividends		-	0.6	-		(8.4)		-		0.6 (8.4)
Total transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		-	0.6	-		(8.4)		-		(7.8)
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	479.9	\$ 10.2	\$ 1.3	\$	(20.3)	\$	1.0	\$	472.1
Balance at December 31, 2020 Net income	\$	479.9 -	\$ 10.4 -	\$ (1.9)	\$	16.1 172.9	\$	1.1 1.4	\$	505.6 174.3
Other comprehensive income (loss): Employee future benefits actuarial gain Income tax expense on actuarial gain Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		- - -	- - -	- - (0.2)		3.8 (1.1)		- - -		3.8 (1.1) (0.2)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(0.2)		175.6		1.4		176.8
Stock options recognized in equity (Note 13(b)) Exercise of stock options (Notes 13(a), (b))		- 1.7	0.3 (1.6)			-		-		0.3 0.1
Repurchase of shares <sup>(Note 13(a))</sup> Dividends		(38.8)	` - ´	-		(24.4) (11.0)		-		(63.2) (11.0)
Non-controlling interest (Note 19)		-	-	-		`14.5 <sup>´</sup>		5.2		19.7
Distributions to non-controlling interest (Note 19)		-	-	-		-		(1.1)		(1.1)
Total transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		(37.1)	(1.3)	-		(20.9)		4.1		(55.2)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	442.8	\$ 9.1	\$ (2.1)	\$	170.8	\$	6.6	\$	627.2

See accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

# Western Forest Products Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in millions of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	Т	hree mo		N	ine mon Septen	
		2021	 2020	2	021	 2020
Cash provided by (used in):						
Operating activities:						
Net income (loss)	\$	42.2	\$ 11.5	\$ 1	74.3	\$ (1.0)
Items not involving cash:						
Amortization of property, plant and equipment (Note 6)		11.0	13.0		35.2	36.3
Amortization of timber licenses		1.0	1.0		3.0	2.9
Gain on disposal of property, equipment and biological assets (Notes 6, 7)		(3.3)	(0.3)	(	22.6)	(1.9)
Change in fair value of biological assets (Note 7)		8.0	0.6		3.5	1.2
Change in reforestation obligation (Note 11)		(0.2)	(0.7)		0.2	(1.2)
Amortization of deferred revenue		(0.4)	(0.5)		(1.4)	(1.5)
Share-based compensation, including mark-to- market adjustment		2.2	0.6		10.8	0.5
Finance costs		0.4	2.0		1.7	6.4
Income tax expense (recovery) (Note 10)		14.0	4.4		52.2	(0.5)
Change in employee future benefits (Note 15)		(8.0)	(0.4)		(1.4)	(1.7)
Foreign exchange and other		(3.6)	(0.6)		`1.5 <sup>´</sup>	(0.6)
Income taxes refunded (paid)		0.1	5.3		(0.1)	16.7 <sup>′</sup>
		63.4	 35.9	2	56.9	 55.6
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			 			
Trade and other receivables		13.1	6.0		(3.7)	(63.6)
Inventory		6.4	(25.4)	(	10.5)	(58.8)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(4.2)	5.0		(2.6)	1.6
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3.8	 18.9		1.4	 87.0
		19.1	4.5	(	15.4)	 (33.8)
		82.5	 40.4	2	41.5	 21.8
Investing activities:						
Additions to property, plant and equipment (Note 6)		(6.6)	(4.7)		18.2)	(10.7)
Proceeds from disposal of assets		5.5	0.1		50.1	1.7
Proceeds on disposition of minority interest in subsidiary <sup>(Note 19)</sup>		-	-		19.8	-
		(1.1)	 (4.6)		51.7	 (9.0)
Financing activities:						 
Interest paid		(0.1)	(1.5)		(0.7)	(4.9)
Draw on (repayment of) credit facility (Note 9)		-	(32.8)	(	70.2)	5.6
Repayment of bank indebtedness		-	-		(0.2)	-
Repayment of long-term equipment loan (Note 9)		(1.9)	(0.1)		(2.2)	(0.1)
Payment of lease liabilities		(1.5)	(1.6)		(5.3)	(5.2)
Repurchase of shares (Note 13(a))		(30.2)	-	(	62.4)	-
Proceeds from exercise of stock options (Note 13)		- (0, 0)	-	,	0.1	- (0.4)
Dividends		(3.6)	-	(	(11.0)	(8.4)
Distributions on non-controlling interest (Note 19)		(0.6)	 (00.0)		(1.1)	 (40.0)
	-	(37.9)	 (36.0)	(1	53.0)	 (13.0)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		43.5	(0.2)	1	40.2	(0.2)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		99.6	2.1		2.9	2.1
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	\$	143.1	\$ 1.9	\$ 1	43.1	\$ 1.9

See accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 1. Reporting entity

Western Forest Products Inc. ("Western" or the "Company") is an integrated softwood forest products company, incorporated and domiciled in Canada, operating in the coastal region of British Columbia ("BC") and Washington State. The address of the Company's head office is Suite 800-1055 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 comprise the financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company's primary business is the sale of lumber and logs, which includes timber harvesting, sawmilling logs into specialty lumber, value-added lumber remanufacturing and wholesaling purchased lumber. The Company is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"), under the symbol WEF.

## 2. Basis of preparation

#### Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements ("interim financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). These financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, available at <a href="www.westernforest.com">www.westernforest.com</a> or <a href="www.westernfore

The interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 3, 2021.

#### Basis of measurement

The interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell;
- Liabilities for cash-settled share-based payment transactions are measured at fair value at each reporting date;
- Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at grant date;
- Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value at each reporting date;
- The defined benefit pension liability is recognized as the net of the fair value of the plan assets, less the present value of the defined benefit obligation; and,
- Reforestation obligations and lease liabilities are measured at the discounted value of expected future cash flows.

These interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars which is the parent company's functional currency. Certain of the Company's subsidiaries have a functional currency of the US dollar and are translated to Canadian dollars.

#### Critical accounting estimates

Potential impacts of the novel Coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19") on the Company's critical accounting estimates are being monitored, with no significant changes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021. The Company's critical accounting estimates are described in its annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### 3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied by the Company in these interim financial statements are the same as those applied by the Company in its annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 4. Seasonality of operations

In a normal operating year, there is some seasonality to the Company's operations, with higher lumber sales in the second and third quarters when construction activity in certain key markets has historically tended to be higher. Logging activity may also vary depending on weather conditions such as rain, snow and ice in the winter and the threat of forest fires in the summer.

#### 5. Inventory

			Sept.	30, 2021						Dec.	31, 2020		
	C	Gross arrying value	Provisions		Lower of cost and market			C	Gross arrying value	Pro	visions	C	ower of ost and narket
Logs	\$	102.4	\$	(4.4)	\$	98.0	-	\$	112.6	\$	(5.6)	\$	107.0
Lumber		77.1		(4.0)		73.1			58.5		(3.4)		55.1
Supplies and other		17.9		(0.4)		17.5			16.3		(0.5)		15.8
Total	\$	197.4	\$	(8.8)	\$	188.6		\$	187.4	\$	(9.5)	\$	177.9

Inventory recorded at net realizable value was \$22.3 million at September 30, 2021 (December 31, 2020: \$32.9 million), with the remaining inventory recorded at cost.

For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021, \$257.0 million and \$739.8 million (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: \$227.8 million and \$544.5 million, respectively) of inventory was charged to cost of goods sold. This includes an increase in the provision for write-down to net realizable value of \$3.7 million and a decrease of \$0.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: decrease of \$4.3 million and \$3.2 million, respectively).

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

## 6. Property, plant and equipment

	В	uildings								
		&		ogging				ight of		
	eq	uipment		roads		Land	use	assets		Total
Cost	_		_		_		_		_	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	460.8	\$	214.2	\$	94.0	\$	24.0	\$	793.0
Additions		11.9		8.6		0.3		8.1		28.9
Disposals		(5.7)		-		(5.4)		(0.3)		(11.4)
Transfers		(0.4)		-		-		0.4		-
Impairments		-		-		(3.6)		-		(3.6)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		(0.9)		-		(0.1)		(0.4)		(1.4)
Balance at December 31, 2020		465.7		222.8		85.2		31.8		805.5
Additions		12.1		6.1		-		3.2		21.4
Disposals		(19.4)		-		(26.3)		(0.6)		(46.3)
Transfers		(1.8)		1.8		-		-		-
Effect of movements in exchange rates		(0.3)		-		(0.1)		-		(0.4)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	456.3	\$	230.7	\$	58.8	\$	34.4	\$	780.2
Accumulated amortization and impairments										
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	193.5	\$	180.0			\$	4.6	\$	378.1
Amortization		31.5		12.0				5.8		49.3
Disposals		(4.8)		(0.3)				(0.1)		(5.2)
Transfers		0.7		(0.7)				-		- ′
Effect of movements in exchange rates		(0.2)		-				0.2		-
Balance at December 31, 2020	-	220.7		191.0	-			10.5		422.2
Amortization		21.9		8.3				5.0		35.2
Disposals		(18.4)		-				(0.5)		(18.9)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		-		-				-		-
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	224.2	\$	199.3	-		\$	15.0	\$	438.5
Carrying amounts										
At December 31, 2020										
At December 31, 2020	\$	245.0	\$	31.8	\$	85.2	\$	21.3	\$	383.3

In the first nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company completed the sale of certain non-core assets for cash proceeds of \$50.1 million (YTD 2020: \$1.7 million) on which the Company recognized gains of \$23.4 million in other income (YTD 2020: \$1.9 million). Significant sales during the year included certain properties and their underlying rights related to the Orca Quarry located near Port McNeil, BC which occurred during the first quarter of 2021 and certain Port Alberni properties, including the previously curtailed Somass sawmill which occurred during the third quarter of 2021.

## 7. Biological assets

Reconciliation of carrying amount

	Thre	ee months	ended	Sept. 30	Nine months ended Sept. 3					
		2021		2020		2021		2020		
Carrying value, beginning	\$	50.1	\$	55.3	\$	53.6	\$	56.0		
Disposals		-		-		(8.0)		-		
Change in fair value due to growth and pricing		0.3		0.6		0.9		1.0		
Harvested timber transferred to inventory		(1.1)		(1.1)		(4.4)		(2.2)		
Carrying value, September 30	\$	49.3	\$	54.8	\$	49.3	\$	54.8		

Under IAS 41, *Agriculture*, the Company's private timberlands are classified as a growing forest, with the standing timber recorded as a biological asset at fair value less costs to sell at each reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 7. Biological assets (continued)

At September 30, 2021, private timberlands comprised an area of approximately 22,665 hectares (December 31, 2020: 23,293 hectares) of land owned by the Company, a reduction of 628 hectares due to the Q1 2021 sale of property related to the Orca Quarry site located near Port McNeil, BC; standing timber on these timberlands range from newly planted areas to mature forest available for harvest.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company harvested and scaled approximately 88,098 cubic metres ("m³") and 332,515 m³ of logs, respectively (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: 62,620 m³ and 146,339 m³, respectively), from its private timberlands, which had a fair value less costs to sell of \$120 per m³ and \$128 per m³ at the date of harvest for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 (2020: \$104 per m³ and \$120 per m³, respectively).

#### 8. Other assets

			ept. 30, 2021	 ec. 31, 2020
	Duty receivable and related interest <sup>(Note 14)</sup> Investments and long term advances Other	\$	36.9 13.0 1.1	\$ 36.7 8.8 0.8
		\$	51.0	\$ 46.3
9.	Long-term debt			
		S	ept. 30, 2021	ec. 31, 2020
	Credit Facility drawings Equipment term loan	\$	-	\$ 70.2 2.1
	Total debt		-	 72.3
	Less transaction costs		-	(0.4)
	Less current portion of equipment term loan		-	 (0.4)
	Long-term debt	\$	-	\$ 71.5
	Available Credit Facility	\$	250.0	\$ 250.0
	Drawings on Credit Facility		-	(70.2)
	Outstanding letters of credit		(8.7)	 (4.2)
	Unused portion of Credit Facility	\$	241.3	\$ 175.6
		S	ept. 30,	ec. 31,
			2021	 2020
	Balance at December 31	\$	72.3	\$ 114.1
	Equipment loan addition		-	2.2
	Interest on equipment loan		0.1	0.1
	Equipment loan repayments		(2.2)	(0.2)
	Net repayments on revolving term loan		(70.2)	 (43.9)
		\$	-	\$ 72.3

The Company's syndicated Credit Facility (the "Credit Facility") provides for a maximum borrowing amount of \$250 million and includes an accordion feature which allows the Company to increase the aggregate amount available to \$350 million, subject to lender approval.

The Credit Facility is available in CAD by way of Prime Rate Advances, Bankers' Acceptances or Letters of Credit and in USD by way of US Base Rate Advances, US Prime Rate Advances, LIBOR Advances or Letters of Credit. Interest on the Credit Facility is indexed to benchmark rates and varies depending on the nature of each draw and certain financial benchmarks.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 9. Long-term debt (continued)

On July 21, 2021, the maturity date of the Credit Facility was extended to July 21, 2025 from August 1, 2022 and incorporated incentive pricing terms that can reduce or increase Western's borrowing costs by up to five basis points based on the achievement of various sustainability-linked goals.

The Credit Facility is secured by a general security agreement, excluding specified properties and their related assets, and is subject to certain financial covenants, including maximum debt to total capitalization ratios.

There were no drawings on the Company's Credit Facility as at September 30, 2021 (December 31, 2020 - drawings of \$70.2 million bearing interest at 4.45%). The Company was in compliance with its financial covenants as at September 30, 2021.

On March 16, 2020, Western entered into a \$2.2 million term loan agreement bearing interest at 4.5% to fund an equipment acquisition. The loan was fully repaid on August 17, 2021.

#### 10. Income taxes

The reconciliation of taxes calculated at the statutory rate to the actual income tax provision is as follows:

	Three months ended Sept. 30					Nine months ended Sept. 30			
		2021	2020		2021			2020	
Income (loss) before income taxes		56.2	\$	15.9	\$	226.5	\$	(1.5)	
Income tax expense (recovery) at statutory rate of 27% (2020 – 27%) Differences in tax rates	\$	15.2	\$	4.3	\$	61.2 (0.4)	\$	(0.4)	
Change in unrecognized deductible temporary differences		(0.3)		-		(4.8)		-	
Permanent differences		(0.9)		0.1		(3.8)		(0.1)	
	\$	14.0	\$	4.4	\$	52.2	\$	(0.5)	

In addition to the amounts recorded to net income, deferred tax expense of \$0.2 million and \$1.1 million was recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 on actuarial gains on employee future benefit obligations (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: recoveries of \$0.3 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, on actuarial losses on employee future benefit obligations).

#### 11. Reforestation obligation

The Company has a responsibility to reforest timber harvested under various timber rights. Changes in the reforestation obligation are as follows:

	Three months ended Sept. 30					Nine months ended Sept			
		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Reforestation obligation, beginning	\$	22.8	\$	22.9	\$	22.4	\$	23.4	
Provision charged		2.2		2.0		5.0		5.1	
Expenditures		(2.4)		(2.9)		(4.9)		(6.5)	
Unwind of discount		0.1		0.1		0.2		0.1	
		22.7		22.1		22.7	-	22.1	
Less current portion		10.7		8.0		10.7		8.0	
Long term reforestation obligation, September 30	\$	12.0	\$	14.1	\$	12.0	\$	14.1	

The reforestation expenditures are expected to occur over the next one to ten years and have been discounted at risk-free rates of 0.25% to 1.40%. The total undiscounted amount of the estimated future expenditures required to settle the reforestation obligation at September 30, 2021 is \$23.0 million (December 31, 2020: \$22.7 million). Reforestation expense incurred on current production is included in cost of goods sold and the unwinding of discount, or accretion cost, is included in finance costs.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 12. Other liabilities

	Sept. 30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020
Employee future benefits obligation (Note 15)	\$ 11.2	\$ 16.1
Environmental accruals	1.6	1.6
Performance share unit plan liabilities, non-current (Note 13(d))	5.5	1.1
Restricted share unit plan liabilities, non-current (Note 13(e))	1.2	0.2
Other	1.5	1.2
	\$ 21.0	\$ 20.2

## 13. Share capital

## (a) Issued and outstanding share capital

The transactions in share capital are described below:

	Number of Common Shares	Amount	
Balance at December 31, 2019	375,197,166 \$	479.9	
Exercise of stock options	35,000	-	
Balance at December 31, 2020	375,232,166	479.9	
Exercise of stock options	1,131,903	1.7	
Repurchase of shares	(30,346,240)	(38.8)	
Balance at September 30, 2021*	346,017,829 \$	442.8	
*Based on trade date			

On August 5, 2021, Western renewed its Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") permitting the purchase and cancellation of up to 29,726,940 of the Company's common shares, representing 10% of the public float outstanding as of August 5, 2021. The renewed NCIB will begin August 11, 2021 and expire August 10, 2022.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company repurchased and cancelled 30,346,240 common shares (YTD 2020: nil) for \$62.4 million at an average price of \$2.06 per common share, of which \$38.8 million was charged to share capital and \$23.6 million was charged to retained earnings.

In addition, 2,712,620 stock options were exercised in the first nine months ended September 30, 2021 (YTD 2020: nil) with 47,620 common shares issued for cash proceeds of \$0.1 million and 1,084,283 common shares issued on a cashless basis resulting in a \$0.8 million charge to retained earnings.

## (b) Stock option plan

The Company has an incentive stock option plan, which permits the granting of options to eligible participants to purchase up to an aggregate of 30,000,000 common shares, of which 5,206,850 remain available for future issuance.

	Nine months ended	d Sept. 3	30, 2021	Nine months ended Sept. 30,			
		ghted		We	ighted		
	Number of options	exe	erage ercise rice	Number of options	ex	erage ercise orice	
Outstanding at December 31	18,259,924	\$	1.58	13,057,129	\$	1.80	
Granted	-		-	5,260,670		1.05	
Exercised	(2,712,620)		0.93	-		-	
Outstanding at September 30	15,547,304	\$	1.69	18,317,799	\$	1.58	

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

## 13. Share capital (continued)

#### (b) Stock option plan (continued)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded compensation expense for stock options of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively).

#### (c) Deferred share unit ("DSU") plan

The Company has a DSU Plan for directors and, until January 1, 2015, allowed grants to designated executive officers.

	Nine months ended	l Sept. 30, 2021	Nine months ended	Sept. 3	Sept. 30, 2020		
	Number of DSUs	Weighted average unit value <sup>1</sup>	Number of DSUs	av	ighted erage value <sup>1</sup>		
Outstanding at December 31	2,471,200	\$ 1.19	1,739,691	\$	1.33		
Granted <sup>1</sup>	205,059	2.01	611,209		0.80		
Redeemed	(450,000)	0.47	-		-		
Outstanding at September 30	2,226,259	\$ 1.41	2,350,900	\$	1.19		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Fair value at the date of the grants. Grants included notional dividends.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded compensation expense for DSUs of \$0.3 million and \$2.4 million, respectively (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: \$0.2 million expense and \$0.2 million recovery, respectively), with corresponding changes in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

## (d) Performance share unit ("PSU") plan

The Company has established a PSU Plan for designated officers and employees.

	Nine months ended	l Sept. 30, 2021	Nine months ended Sept. 30, 20			
	Number of PSUs	Weighted average unit value <sup>1</sup>	Number of PSUs	Weighted average unit value <sup>1</sup>		
Outstanding at December 31	2,838,304	\$ 1.54	1,852,815	\$ 2.16		
Granted <sup>1</sup>	1,192,661	1.57	1,646,730	1.05		
Redeemed	(512,649)	2.61	(661,241)	2.06		
Outstanding at September 30	3,518,316	\$ 1.39	2,838,304	\$ 1.54		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Fair value at the date of the grants. Grants include notional dividends.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded compensation expense for PSUs of \$1.5 million and \$7.0 million, respectively (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively), with corresponding changes in other liabilities.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

## 13. Share capital (continued)

#### (e) Restricted share unit ("RSU") plan

In 2020, the Company established an RSU Plan for designated officers and employees.

	Nine months ended	d Sept. 30, 2021	Nine months ended Sept. 30, 20			
	Number of RSUs	Weighted average unit value <sup>1</sup>	Number of RSUs	Weighted average unit value <sup>1</sup>		
Outstanding at December 31	357,060	\$ 1.05	-	\$ -		
Granted <sup>1</sup>	1,367,789	1.56	357,060	1.05		
Redeemed	-	-	-	-		
Outstanding at September 30	1,724,849	\$ 1.45	357,060	\$ 1.05		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Fair value at the date of the grants. Grants include notional dividends.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded compensation expense for RSUs of \$0.4 million and \$1.1 million, respectively (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: negligible and \$0.1 million, respectively) with corresponding changes in other liabilities.

#### 14. Commitments and contingencies

Long-term fibre supply agreements

Certain of the Company's long-term fibre supply agreements with third parties have minimum volume requirements and may, in the case of a failure to produce the minimum annual volume, require the Company to conduct whole log chipping or sell saw logs, which could reduce log availability for our sawmills, source the deficiency from third parties at additional cost or pay a penalty calculated based on the provisions contained in the relevant agreement. Should Western take significant market related curtailments in its sawmills, its chip production would decline, increasing the risk that the Company may not meet its contractual obligations if it is not possible to secure replacement chips on the open market.

The Company had met all fibre commitments as at September 30, 2021. Based on chip and pulp log volumes supplied to date, the Company anticipates satisfying annual fibre commitments for the year ending December 31, 2021.

#### Litigations and claims

In the normal course of its business activities, the Company may be subject to a number of claims and legal actions that may be made by customers, unions, suppliers and others in respect of which either provision has been made or for which no material liability is expected. Where the Company is not able to determine the outcome of these disputes no amounts have been accrued in these interim financial statements.

## Softwood lumber duty dispute

On October 12, 2015, the softwood lumber agreement between Canada and the US, under which Canadian softwood lumber shipments to the US were assessed an export tax by the Canadian government, expired.

From 2017 onward, as a result of petitions filed by the US Lumber Coalition and others and determinations made by the US International Trade Commission, the US Department of Commerce ("DoC") imposed Countervailing ("CV") and Anti-dumping ("AD") duties on Canadian softwood lumber shipments to the US.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

## 14. Commitments and contingencies (continued)

Softwood lumber duty dispute (continued)

On November 23, 2020 the DoC released its final determination for CV and AD rates and revised rates for CV and AD were published in the US Federal Register on November 30, 2020 and December 1, 2020 respectively. Cash deposits to the date of publication were 20.23%. The final determination reduced the assessment rates applied to exports during the period of review (April 28, 2017 through December 31, 2018) and established a new combined cash deposit rate of 8.99% that applies to Canadian lumber shipments made to the US after publication of rates in the US Federal Register.

On May 21, 2021, the DoC released preliminary revised rates in the CV and AD second administrative review of shipments for the year ended December 31, 2019. The DoC may revise these rates between the preliminary and the final determination, expected to be released November 24, 2021. Cash deposits continue at the combined duty rate of 8.99% until the final determinations are published, after which the 2019 rate will apply.

On September 2, 2021, the DoC extended the deadline for its preliminary results of the third administrative review of CV and AD rates for the year ended December 31, 2020 to January 28, 2022.

The following table summarizes the cash deposit rates in effect, the final 2017 and 2018 rates and the preliminary 2019 rates.

9 months 1 month ended ended Sept. 30, Dec. 31,		ended	11 months ended	Years ended				
	2021	2020	Nov. 30, <b>–</b> 2020	2019	2018	2017		
Cash deposit rate, CV	7.42%	7.42%	14.19%	14.19%	14.19%	14.19%		
Cash deposit rate, AD	1.57%	1.57%	6.04%	6.04%	6.04%	6.04%		
Cash deposit rate, combined	8.99%	8.99%	20.23%	20.23%	20.23%	20.23%		
Final rate, CV Final rate, AD Final rate, combined					7.42% 1.57% 8.99%	6.71% 1.66% 8.37%		
Preliminary rate, CV Preliminary rate, AD Preliminary rate, combined				6.27% 12.05% 18.32%				

Cash deposits for CV were required for lumber imports to the US effective April 28, 2017 through August 25, 2017, and from December 28, 2017 onwards.

Cash deposits for AD were required for lumber imports to the US effective September 30, 2017 until December 26, 2017, and from December 28, 2017 onwards.

As a result of changes between final and cash deposit rates noted in the table above, the Company recognized a receivable of US\$29.1 million, including interest, in the statement of financial position and revalued at the quarter-end exchange rate to \$36.9 million. Related interest revenue of \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively were recorded in finance costs (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: nil, respectively). Related foreign exchange gain of \$0.8 million and loss of \$0.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively, (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: \$0.1 million foreign exchange loss and \$0.1 million foreign exchange gain) were recorded in other income.

As at September 30, 2021, the Company had paid US\$116.1 million (\$147.3 million) of duties, all of which remain held in trust by U.S. Department of Treasury (December 31, 2020: US\$94.2 million, \$120.0 million). With the exception of US\$29.1 million (\$36.9 million) noted above, all duty deposits have been expensed at the cash deposit rates in effect at the date of payment.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 15. Employee future benefits

The amounts recognized in the statement of financial position for the Company's employee future benefit obligations, consisting of both the defined benefit salaried pension plans and other non-pension benefits are as follows:

	Sept. 30, 2021	2020
Present value of obligations	\$ 119.5	\$ 132.2
Fair value of plan assets	(108.3)	(116.1)
Liability recognized in the statement of financial position (Note 12)	\$ 11.2	\$ 16.1

The change in the liability recognized in the statement of financial position at September 30, 2021 was due primarily to an increase in the discount rate used to value the defined benefit obligations, partially offset by lower returns on plan assets. The discount rate used as at September 30, 2021 was 3.00% per annum (December 31, 2020: 2.35% per annum).

The Company expects to make funding contributions to its defined benefit plans of \$1.4 million in 2021.

### 16. Earnings (loss) per share

Net earnings (loss) per share is calculated utilizing the treasury stock method for determining the dilutive effect of options issued. The reconciliation of the numerator and denominator is determined as follows:

	T	Three months ended Sept. 30, 2021					Three months ended Sept. 30, 20				
	att	et income tributable o equity areholders	Weighted average number of shares		Per share	attr	et income ibutable to equity areholders	Weighted average number of shares		Per hare	
Issued shares, beginning of period Effect of shares:			359,743,005			-		375,197,166			
Issued in the quarter			226,499					-			
Repurchased in the quarter			(7,200,357)					-			
Basic earnings per share	\$	41.3	352,769,147	\$	0.12	\$	11.3	375,197,166	\$	0.03	
Effect of dilutive securities:											
Stock options			3,554,840					380,830			
Diluted earnings per share	\$	41.3	356,323,987	\$	0.12	\$	11.3	375,577,996	\$	0.03	

	1	Nine months ended Sept. 30, 2021				Nine months ended Sept. 30, 20				
	at t	et income tributable o equity areholders	Weighted average number of shares		Per hare	attri	let loss butable to equity reholders	Weighted average number of shares	Pe sha	
Issued shares, beginning of period			375,232,166					375,197,166		
Effect of shares:										
Issued in the first nine months			245,154					-		
Repurchased in the first nine months			(9,981,725)					-		
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	172.9	365,495,595	\$	0.47	\$	(1.2)	375,197,166	\$	-
Effect of dilutive securities:										
Stock options			3,069,472							
								119,889*		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	172.9	368,565,067	\$	0.47	\$	(1.2)	375,197,166	\$	-

<sup>\*</sup> Where the addition of stock options to the total shares outstanding has an anti-dilutive impact on the diluted earnings (loss) per share calculation, those stock options have not been included in the total shares outstanding for purposes of the calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 17. Financial instruments - fair values

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"). The Company's non-derivative financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets or liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value. There has been no movement between fair value levels since December 31, 2020.

Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

		Sept. 30, 2021					Dec. 31, 2020						
	Level		ndatory VTPL	Aı	mortized Cost	-	Γotal		ndatory VTPL		ortized Cost	-	Total
Financial assets													
Market-based investments	2	\$	4.7	\$	-	\$	4.7	\$	4.8	\$	-	\$	4.8
Foreign currency forward contracts	2		-		-		-		0.6		-		0.6
Cash and cash equivalents			-		143.1		143.1		-		2.9		2.9
Trade and other receivables			-		68.2		68.2		-		66.2		66.2
Other investments and advances			-		4.9		4.9		-		-		-
Export tax receivable	3		36.9		-		36.9		36.7		-		36.7
Total financial assets	•	\$	41.6	\$	216.2	\$	257.8	\$	42.1	\$	69.1	\$	111.2

	Level	datory VTPL	Fi	Other nancial abilities	Total	Mano at F\	datory /TPL	Fir	Other nancial abilities	-	Total
Financial liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ -	\$	115.8	\$ 115.8	\$	-	\$	108.7	\$	108.7
Lease liabilities		-		20.0	20.0		-		21.6		21.6
Long term debt (Note 9)	2	-		-	-		-		72.3		72.3
Total financial liabilities	•	\$ -	\$	135.8	\$ 135.8	\$	-	\$	202.6	\$	202.6

As at September 30, 2021, the Company had outstanding obligations to sell an aggregate US\$77.0 million at an average rate of CAD\$1.2684 per USD with maturities through November 16, 2021.

All foreign currency gains or losses related to currency forward contracts have been recognized in revenue for the period as described in the following table.

	Three months ended Sept. 30				Nine months ended Sept. 30				
	- 2	2021	2	2020	- 2	2021	2020		
Fair value of (asset) liability, beginning of period	\$	3.2	\$	(0.3)	\$	(0.6)	\$	(0.2)	
Fair value of asset (liability), at September 30				(0.3)		-		(0.3)	
Change in unrealized foreign currency gains (losses)	· ·	3.2		(0.6)	· ·	(0.6)		(0.5)	
Realized foreign currency gains (losses) on settled contracts		(5.9)		1.8		(8.0)		1.8	
Foreign currency gains (losses) recognized in revenue	\$	(2.7)	\$	1.2	\$	(1.4)	\$	1.3	

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

#### 17. Financial instruments - fair values (continued)

Forward contracts in a liability position are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statement of financial position and assets are included in trade and other receivables.

#### 18. Revenue

## Disaggregation of revenue

In the following table, revenue is disaggregated by primary geographical market based on the known origin of the customer, and by major products.

	Three months	ended Sept. 30	Nine months ended Sept. 30				
	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Primary geographic markets							
Canada	\$ 106.2	\$ 105.9	\$ 350.1	\$ 221.9			
United States	112.7	92.7	414.7	196.5			
China	37.3	51.2	107.0	110.3			
Japan	59.2	26.3	118.5	79.7			
Other	31.1	11.1	77.7	28.1			
Europe	6.4	3.4	21.8	9.5			
	\$ 352.9	\$ 290.6	\$ 1,089.8	\$ 646.0			
Major Products							
Lumber	\$ 299.8	\$ 208.6	\$ 929.5	\$ 480.6			
Logs	41.0	73.6	120.4	147.0			
By-products	12.1	8.4	39.9	18.4			
	\$ 352.9	\$ 290.6	\$ 1,089.8	\$ 646.0			

#### Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

	Sept. 30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020		
Trade and other receivables	\$ 68.2	\$ 66.2		
Other investments and advances	2.3	-		
Contract liabilities	49.0	50.4		

Contract liabilities relate to the consideration received from a customer for a long-term fibre supply contract, for which revenue is recognized straight-line over the term of the contract. Related revenue of \$0.4 million and \$1.5 million was recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively (Q3 2020 and YTD 2020: \$0.5 million and \$1.5 million, respectively).

#### 19. Non-controlling interest

On March 29, 2019, the Company completed the sale of a 7% ownership interest in TFL 44 LP to Huumiis Ventures Limited Partnership ("HVLP"), a limited partnership beneficially owned by the Huuay-aht First Nations.

On May 3, 2021, Western completed the sale of an incremental 28% equity in TFL 44 LP to HVLP ("TFL 44 Transaction") for total consideration of \$22.4 million paid by cash of \$19.8 million and a \$2.6 million interest bearing note receivable, resulting in HVLP holding a combined equity interest of 35% in TFL44 LP.

A second stage of the TFL 44 Transaction, for the acquisition by HVLP of a further 16% equity interest in TFL 44 LP for total consideration of \$12.8 million, is anticipated to close in the first quarter of 2023, and is subject to satisfaction of customary closing conditions, financing and certain third-party consents, including approval by the BC Provincial Government and the Huu-ay-aht First Nations People's Assembly.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020
(Tabular amounts expressed in millions of Canadian dollars except number of shares and per share amounts)

## 19. Non-controlling interest (continued)

Western may sell a further incremental ownership interest of up to 26% in TFL 44 LP to other area First Nations, including HVLP, under certain conditions. The Company and TFL 44 LP have entered into a long-term fibre agreement to continue to supply the Company's BC coastal manufacturing operations, which have undergone significant capital investment over the past several years.

The Board of TFL 44 LP declared distributions in the first nine months of 2021, resulting in a decrease of \$1.1 million in non-controlling interest.



## DEFINING A HIGHER STANDARD™

Suite 800 1055 West Georgia Street Royal Centre, PO Box 11122 Vancouver, British Columbia Canada V6E 3P3 Telephone: 604 648 4500

www.westernforest.com info@westernforest.com

Trading on the TSX as "WEF"